No. of Printed Pages : 5

Sem-I-Math-CC-II(R&B)

# 2023

# Time - 3 hours

# Full Marks - 80

Answer **all groups** as per instructions. Figures in the right hand margin indicate marks. The symbols used have their usual meaning.

## **GROUP - A**

1. Answer <u>all</u> questions and fill in the blanks as required. [1 × 10]

(a) The proposition  $P \cap P$  is equivalent to \_\_\_\_\_.

- (b) If  $A \subset B$ , then A B = \_\_\_\_\_.
- (c) Define partial ordering of a set.
- (d) Negation of  $\exists x \forall y \sim p(x, y)$  is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (e) The sum of the co-efficient in the expansion of (x + y + z)<sup>10</sup> is \_\_\_\_\_.
- (f) Write Pigeonhole principle (statement only).
- (g) The equation  $a_n a_{n-1} a_{n-2} = 0$  is a recurrence relation of order 2. (T / F)

(h) The generating function for the sequence

 $\left\{1, 1, \frac{1}{2!}, \frac{1}{3!}, \frac{1}{4!}, \dots\right\}$  is \_\_\_\_\_

Rank of a null matrix is \_\_\_\_\_.

(i) Define Kernel of a matrix.

(k) How many edges the graph K<sub>3, 6</sub> has ?

(I) A vertex of degree zero is called \_\_\_\_\_ vertex.

#### **GROUP - B**

2. Answer any eight of the following.

- (a) Let A, B, C are three sets. Then prove that  $(A \cap B) \times C = (A \times C) \cap (B \times C)$ .
- (b) Show that  $\lfloor x + n \rfloor = \lfloor x \rfloor + n$ , for any real no. x and n.
- (c) Construct truth table for  $(p \land q) \lor ((\sim p) \rightarrow q)$ .
- (d) How many primes are less than 200 ? Explain your answer.
- (e) How many pairs of dance partner can be selected from a group of 12 women and 20 men ?

[2 × 8

- (f) Prove that the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$  is orthogonal.
- (g) Prove that the determinant of an idempotent matrix is either 0 or 1.
- (h) Find the eigen values of  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$ .
- (i) A graph has degree sequence 5, 5, 4, 4, 3, 3, 3, 3. How many edges does it have ?
- (j) Define Hamiltonian Graphs.

#### **GROUP - C**

3. Answer <u>any eight</u> of the following.

[3 × 8

- (a) Prove that "if a<sup>2</sup> is an even integer, then a is an even integer" using method of contrapositive.
- (b) Show that Z is countably infinite and find |Z|.
- (c) Prove that if ac ≡ bc mod(n) and gcd(c, n) = 1 then a ≡ b (mod n)
- (d) Prove that  $4^n > n^4 \forall$  integers  $n \ge 5$ .
- (e) Solve  $a_n = 6a_{n-1} 9a_{n-2}$ ,  $n \ge 2$ , given  $a_0 = -5$ ,  $a_1 = 3$

(f) Express the matrix 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 & -3 \\ 1 & 3 & -6 \\ -5 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 as the sum of a sy-

mmetric and skew symmetric matrix.

(g) Prove that 
$$\begin{vmatrix} x+a & b & c & d \\ a & x+b & c & d \\ a & b & x+c & d \\ a & b & c & x+d \end{vmatrix} = x^3(x+a+b+c+d).$$

- (h) Every invertible matrix possesses a unique inverse.
- (i) Prove that any graph has even number of odd vertices.
- (j) Show that  $K_5$  is not planar.

### <u>GROUP - D</u>

Prove that if A be a non-empty set and ~ be an equivalence relation on A. Let a, b ∈ A. Then the equivalence classes a and b are either equal or disjoint.

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AP

5. State and prove Fermat's Little Theorem.

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- 6. Using mathematical Induction prove that  $a^n b^n$  is divisible by a b, for  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $a b \neq 0$ ,  $n \ge 1$ . [7]
- Reduce the following matrix into its normal form and find its Rank.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$$

8. Determine the consistency of the given system :

$$x_{1} + 3x_{2} = 2$$
  

$$x_{2} - 3x_{4} = 3$$
  

$$-2x_{2} + 3x_{3} + 2x_{4} = 1$$
  

$$3x_{1} + 7x_{4} = -5.$$

Prove that Isomorphic graphs have the same number of components.

[7

10. What is the total number of integers with distinct digits that exceed 5500 and do not contain 0, 7, 9?